

Glucoamylase Microplate Assay Kit

Catalog # AS0190

Detection and Quantification of Glucoamylase Activity in Tissue extracts, Cell lysate, Cell culture media, Other biological fluids Samples.

This instruction must be read in its entirety before using this product.

For research use only, Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Contact information:

Tel:+1 (301) 446-2499 Fax:+1 (301) 446-2413

Email:techcn@signalwayantibody.com Web:www.sabbiotech.com



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I. INTRODUCTION

Glucoamylase is an enzyme that can be obtained from the yeast S. diastaticus or fungi in the Aspergillus genus such as Aspergillus niger. The enzyme decomposes starch molecules in the human body into the useful energy compound of glucose. This is accomplished by removing the alpha-1 and 4-glycosidic linkages from the non-reducing end of the starch molecule. These molecules are more commonly referred to as polysaccharides and are frequently either amylase- or amylopectin-based. The purpose of glucoamylase in commercial food activities is centered around the brewing of beer and the production of bread products and fruit juices.

Glucoamylase Microplate Assay Kitis a sensitive assay for determining Glucoamylase activity in various samples. The enzyme catalysed reaction products react with 3,5-dinitrosalicylic acid. The intensity of the product color, measured at 540 nm, is proportional to the Glucoamylase activity in the sample.



II.KIT COMPONENTS

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer	30 mlx 4	4 °C
Substrate	Powderx 1	4 °C
Dye Reagent	10 ml x 1	4 °C
Standard	Powderx 1	4 °C
Positive Control	Powderx 1	4 °C
Plate Adhesive Strips	3 Strips	
Technical Manual	1 Manual	

Note:

Substrate: add 9 ml Assay Buffer to dissolve before use, mix, heat in boiling water bath for 1 minute.

Standard:add 1 mldistilled water to dissolve before use; then add 0.2 ml into 0.8 mldistilled water, the concentration will be 5mmol/L.

Positive Control: add 1 ml Assay Buffer to dissolve before use.

III. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 540 nm
- 2. Distilled water
- 3. Pipettor
- 4. Pipette tips
- 5. Mortar
- 6. Centrifuge
- 7. Timer
- 8.Convection oven



IV. SAMPLE PREPARATION

1.For cell and bacteria samples

Collect cell or bacteria into centrifuge tube, discard the supernatant after centrifugation, add 1 mlAssay Buffer for 5×10⁶ cell or bacteria, sonicate (with power 20%, sonication 3s, intervation 10s,repeat 30 times); centrifuged at 10000g 4°C for 10minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

2.For tissue samples

Weighout 0.1 g tissue, homogenize with 1 mlAssay Buffer on ice, centrifuged at 10000g 4°C for 10minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

3.For liquid samples

Detect directly, or dilute with Assay Buffer.



V. ASSAY PROCEDURE

Add following reagents in the microplate:

Reagent	Sample	Blank	Standard	Positive Control			
Substrate	90 μΙ			90 μΙ			
Sample	10 μΙ						
Distilled water		100μΙ					
Positive Control				10 μΙ			
Mix, cover the plate adhesive strip, put the plate into the convection oven,incubate							
at 40°C for 10minutes.							
Standard			100 μΙ				
Dye Reagent	100μΙ	100 μΙ	100 μΙ	100 μΙ			
Mix, cover the plate adhesive strip, put the plate into the convection oven,90°C for							

10minutes. When cold, record absorbance measured at 540 nm.

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VI. CALCULATION

Unit Definition:One unit of Glucoamylaseactivity is the enzyme that generates 1μ mol of reducing sugars per minute.

1. According to the protein concentration of sample

Glucoamylase (U/mg) =
$$(C_{Standard} \times V_{Standard}) \times (OD_{Sample} - OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Sta$$

2. According to the weight of sample

Glucoamylase
$$(U/g) = (C_{Standard} \times V_{Standard}) \times (OD_{Sample} - OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / (W$$

3. According to the quantity of cell or bacteria

Glucoamylase
$$(U/10^4) = (C_{Standard} \times V_{Standard}) \times (OD_{Sample} - OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / (N$$

=
$$5 \times (OD_{Sample} - OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / N$$

4. According to the volume of sample

Glucoamylase
$$(U/mI) = (C_{Standard} \times V_{Standard}) \times (OD_{Sample} - OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank})$$

=
$$5 \times (OD_{Sample} - OD_{Blank}) / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank})$$

C_{Protein}: the protein concentration, mg/ml;

 $C_{Standard}$: the standard concentration, 5 mmol/L = 5µmol/ml;

W: the weight of sample, g;

N: the quantity of cell or bacteria, N ×10⁴;

V_{Sample}: the volume of sample, 0.01 ml;

V_{Standard}: the volume of standard, 0.1 ml;

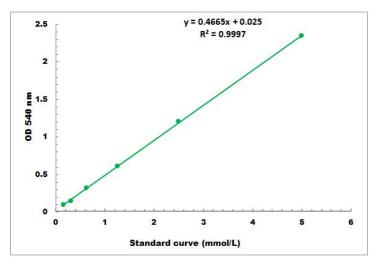
V_{Assay}: the volume of Assay buffer, 1 ml;

T: the reaction time, 10 minutes.

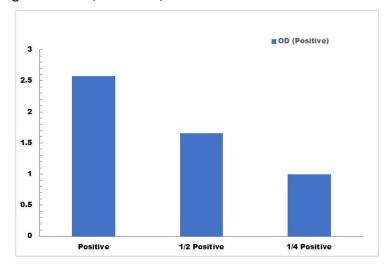


VII. TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 0.1mmol/L -5mmol/L



Positive Control reaction in 96-well plate assay with decreasing the concentration

VIII. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For troubleshooting, information or assistance, please go online to www.sabbiotech.cn or contact us at techcn@signalwayantibody.com

IX. NOTES