

# Phospholipid Microplate Assay Kit

Catalog Number: AS0197



Detection and Quantification of Phospholipid Content in Serum, Plasma, Tissue extracts, Cell lysate, Cell culture media and Other biological fluids Samples.

**This instruction must be read in its entirety before using this product.**

**For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.**

## Contact information

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## **I. INTRODUCTION**

Phospholipids are a class of lipids which constitute a major component of cell membranes and play important roles in signal transduction. Most phospholipids contain one diglyceride, a phosphate group, and one choline.

Phospholipid Microplate Assay Kit provides a simple and direct procedure for measuring phospholipid content in a variety of samples. In this assay, phospholipids (such as lecithin, lysolecithin and sphingomyelin) are enzymatically hydrolyzed to choline which is determined using choline oxidase and a H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> specific dye. The optical density of the pink colored product at 570nm is directly proportional to the phospholipid concentration in the sample.

## II、KIT COMPONENTS

| Component             | Volume     | Storage              |
|-----------------------|------------|----------------------|
| 96-Well Microplate    | 1 plate    |                      |
| Assay Buffer          | 30 ml x 4  | 4 °C                 |
| Reaction Buffer       | 10 ml x 1  | 4 °C                 |
| Enzyme                | Powder x 1 | -20 °C               |
| Dye Reagent           | Powder x 1 | -20 °C, keep in dark |
| Standard              | Powder x 1 | 4 °C                 |
| Plate Adhesive Strips | 3 Strips   |                      |
| Technical Manual      | 1 Manual   |                      |

### **Note:**

**Enzyme:** add 1 ml Reaction Buffer to dissolve before use, mix; store at -80 °C for 1 month after reconstitution.

**Dye Reagent:** add 10 ml distilled water to dissolve before use, mix; store at -20 °C for 1 month after reconstitution.

**Standard:** add 0.5 ml Assay Buffer to dissolve before use, the concentration will be 20 mmol/L; store at -20 °C for 1 month after reconstitution. Perform 2-fold serial dilutions with Assay Buffer.

### **III.MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED**

1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 570 nm
2. Distilled water
3. Pipettor, multi-channel pipettor
4. Pipette tips
5. Mortar
6. Centrifuge
7. Timer

#### **IV.SAMPLE PREPARATION**

##### **1.For cell and bacteria samples**

Collect cell or bacteria into centrifuge tube, discard the supernatant after centrifugation, add 0.5 ml distilled water for  $5 \times 10^6$  cell or bacteria, sonicate (with power 20%, sonicate 3s, interval 10s, repeat 30 times); then add 0.5 ml Assay Buffer, mix, centrifuged at 10000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube for detection.

##### **2.For tissue samples**

Weigh out 0.1 g tissue, homogenize with 1 ml Assay buffer on ice, centrifuged at 10000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube for detection.

##### **3.For liquid samples**

Detect directly.

## V.ASSAY PROCEDURE

Warm all reagents to room temperature before use.

Add following reagents into the microcentrifuge

| Reagent  | Sample      | Standard    | Blank       |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Reaction Buffer  | 80 $\mu$ l  | 80 $\mu$ l  | 80 $\mu$ l  |
| Enzyme   | 10 $\mu$ l  | 10 $\mu$ l  | 10 $\mu$ l  |
| Standard   | 10 $\mu$ l  | --          | --          |
| Distilled water  | --          | 10 $\mu$ l  | --          |
| Sample   | --          | --          | 10 $\mu$ l  |
| Dye Reagent  | 100 $\mu$ l | 100 $\mu$ l | 100 $\mu$ l |
| Mix, put it in the oven, incubate at 37 °C for 10 minutes, measured at 570 nm and record the absorbance. |             |             |             |

**Note:**

1) Perform 2-fold serial dilutions of the top standards to make the standard curve.

2) The concentrations can vary over a wide range depending on the different samples. For unknown samples, we recommend doing a pilot experiment & testing several doses to ensure the readings are within the standard curve range.

## VI.CALCULATION

1.According to the protein concentration of sample

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Phospholipid } (\mu\text{mol/mg}) &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) \\ &\quad / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (V_{\text{Sample}} \times C_{\text{Protein}}) \\ &= 20 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / C_{\text{Protein}}\end{aligned}$$

2.According to the weight of sample

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Phospholipid } (\mu\text{mol/g}) &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / \\ &\quad (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (W \times V_{\text{Sample}} / V_{\text{Assay}}) \\ &= 20 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / W\end{aligned}$$

3.According to the quantity of cell or bacteria

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Phospholipid } (\mu\text{mol}/10^4) &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) \\ &\quad / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (N \times V_{\text{Sample}} / V_{\text{Assay}}) \\ &= 20 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / N\end{aligned}$$

4.According to the volume of sample

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Phospholipid } (\mu\text{mol/ml}) &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) \\ &\quad / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / V_{\text{Sample}} \\ &= 20 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}})\end{aligned}$$



$C_{\text{Protein}}$ : the protein concentration, mg/ml;

$C_{\text{Standard}}$ : the standard concentration, 20 mmol/L = 20  $\mu\text{mol/ml}$ ;

$W$ : the weight of sample, g;

$N$ : the quantity of cell or bacteria,  $N \times 10^4$ ;

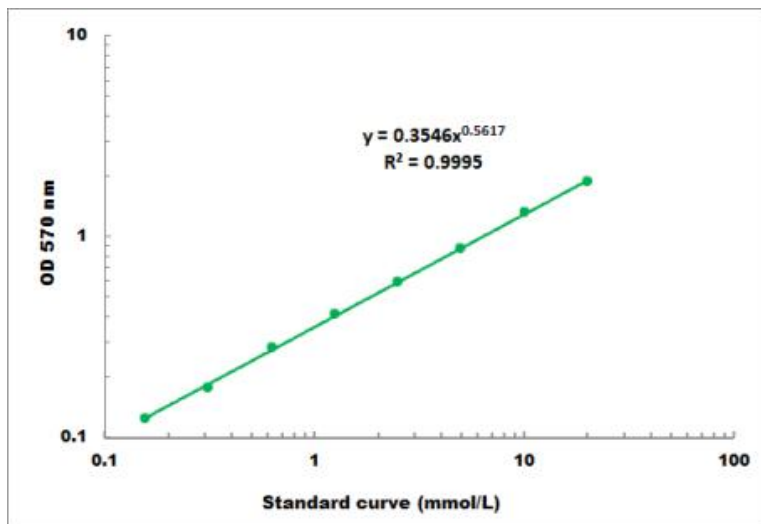
$V_{\text{Sample}}$ : the volume of sample, 0.01 ml;

$V_{\text{Standard}}$ : the volume of standard, 0.01 ml;

$V_{\text{Assay}}$ : the volume of Assay buffer, 1 ml;

## VII.TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 0.2 mmol/L - 20 mmol/L

## VIII. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For troubleshooting, information or assistance, please go online to [www.sabbiotech.cn](http://www.sabbiotech.cn) or contact us at [techcn@signalwayantibody.com](mailto:techcn@signalwayantibody.com)