Product Datasheet

PKM2 Antibody

Catalog No: #32054

Package Size: #32054-1 50ul #32054-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

Description

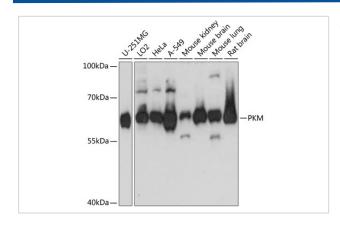
4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02%

Application Details

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

IF 1:50 - 1:200

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using PKM antibody at 1:1000 dilution.

Background

Pyruvate kinase, a glycolytic enzyme, catalyses the conversion of phosphoenolpyruvate to pyruvate. In mammals, the M1 isoform (PKM1) is

expressed in most adult tissues (1). The M2 isoform (PKM2), an alternatively-spliced variant of M1, is expressed during embryonic development (1). Studies found that cancer cells exclusively express PKM2 (1-3). PKM2 is shown to be essential for aerobic glycolysis in tumors (Warburg effect) (1). When the M2 isoform is switched to the M1 isoform, aerobic glycolysis is reduced and oxidative phosphorylation is increased in cancer cells (1). These cells also show decreased tumorigenicity in mouse xenografts (1). Recent studies show that the oncogenic forms of FGFR1 directly phosphorylate Tyr105 of PKM2 and thereby inhibit the formation of active tetrameric PKM2 (4). A PKM2 mutant found in cancer cells, in which Tyr105 is replaced by phenylalanine, leads to reduced cell proliferation in hypoxia and tumor growth in xenografts in nude mice (4). These findings suggest that the phosphorylation at Tyr105 is a critical switch for the metabolism in cancer cells that promotes tumor growth (4).

Published Papers

el at., Pyruvate Dehydrogenase A1 Phosphorylated by Insulin Associates with Pyruvate Kinase M2 and Induces LINC00273 through Histone Acetylation. In Biomedicines on 2022 May 27 by Abu Jubayer Hossain, Rokibul Islam, et al..PMID:35740278, , (2022)

PMID:35740278

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.