## LACTB2 Antibody FITC Conjugated

Catalog No: \#C08053F

Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com
Description

| Product Name | LACTB2 Antibody FITC Conjugated |
| :--- | :--- |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Purification | Purified by Protein A. |
| Applications | IF(IHC-P) |
| Species Reactivity | Hu Ms Rt |
| Immunogen Description | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human LACTB2 |
| Conjugates | FITC |
| Target Name | LACTB2 |
| Other Names | Beta lactamase like protein 2; Beta-lactamase-like protein 2; CGI 83; LACB2_HUMAN; Lactamase beta 2; |
| LACTB2. |  |
| Concentration | NCBI Gene ID51110 |
| Formulation | 1mg ml |
| Storage | 10mM Tris Buffered Saline containing 1\% BSA, 50\% glycerol and 0.09\% sodium azide. |

## Application Details

Immunofluorescence: 1:50-200

## Background

Penicillin refers to any member of beta-lactam antibiotics group. These agents are identified by a beta-lactam ring within their molecular structure. As the most widely used group of antibiotics available, beta-lactams are used for the treatment of bacterial infections usually caused by gram-positive organisms. Beta-lactam antibiotics are bactericidal, functioning to inhibit the synthesis of the peptidoglycan layer of bacterial cell walls. Bacterial penicillin-binding proteins and beta-lactamases constitute a large family of serine proteases that perform essential functions in the synthesis and maintenance of peptidoglycan cell wall. Notably, beta-lactamases cleave beta-lactams, therefore providing the bacteria with resistance to the antibiotic. Homologues of beta-lactamases occur in many species, including human, rat, cow, rabbit, pig, xenopus, zebrafish, and C. elegans. The human homologues, LACTB and LACTB2, are active-site-serine enzymes thought to be involved in metabolism.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.

