Survivin Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: #48710

Package Size: #48710-1 50ul #48710-2 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

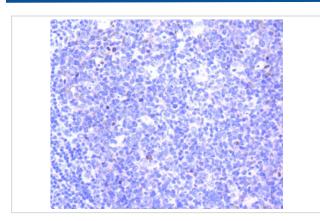
Description

Survivin Rabbit mAb
Recombinant Rabbit
Monoclonal antibody
SP07-06
ProA affinity purified
WB, ICC/IF, IHC, FC
Hu
recombinant protein
API4 antibody Apoptosis inhibitor 4 antibody Apoptosis inhibitor survivin antibody Apoptosis inhibitor4
antibody Baculoviral IAP repeat containing 5 antibody Baculoviral IAP repeat containing protein 5 antibody
Baculoviral IAP repeat-containing protein 5 antibody BIRC 5 antibody BIRC5 antibody BIRC5_HUMAN
antibody EPR 1 antibody IAP4 antibody Survivin variant 3 alpha antibody SVV antibody TIAP antibody
Swiss-Prot#:O15392
16 kDa
1*TBS (pH7.4), 1%BSA, 40%Glycerol. Preservative: 0.05% Sodium Azide.
Store at -20°C

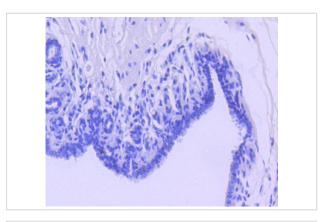
Application Details

WB: 1:1,000 IHC: 1:50-1:200 ICC: 1:50-1:200FC: 1:50-1:100

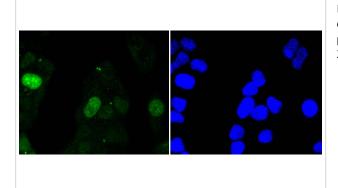
Images



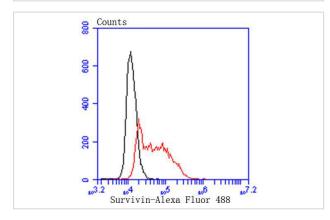
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue using anti-Survivin antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using anti-Survivin antibody. Counter stained with hematoxylin.



ICC staining Survivin in Hela cells (green). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue). Cells were fixed in paraformaldehyde, permeabilised with 0.25% Triton X100/PBS.



Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells with Survivin antibody at 1/50 dilution (red) compared with an unlabelled control (cells without incubation with primary antibody; black). Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti rabbit IgG was used as the secondary antibody.

Background

The baculovirus protein p35 inhibits virally-induced apoptosis of invertebrate and mammalian cells and may function to impair the clearing of virally infected cells by the immune system of the host. This is accomplished at least in part by the ability of p35 to block both TNF- and FAS-mediated apoptosis through the inhibition of the ICE family of serine proteases. Two mammalian homologs of baculovirus p35, referred to as inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) 1 and 2, share an amino-terminal baculovirus IAP repeat (BIR) motif and a carboxy-terminal RING finger. Although the c-IAPs do not directly associate with the TNF receptor (TNF-R), they efficiently block TNF-mediated apoptosis through their interaction with the downstream TNF-R effectors, TRAF1 and TRAF2. Additional IAP family members include ILP (for IAP-like protein) and survivin. ILP inhibits activated caspase-3, leading to the resistance of FAS-mediated apoptosis. Survivin (also designated TIAP) is expressed during the G2/M phase of the cell cycle and associates with microtubules of the mitotic spindle. Increased caspase-3 activity is detected when a disruption of survivin-microtubule interactions occurs.

References

- 1. Lin Y et al. Survivin is expressed in degenerated nucleus pulposus cells and is involved in proliferation and the prevention of apoptosis in vitro. Mol Med Rep 13:1026-32 (2016).
- 2. Cao C et al. The long intergenic noncoding RNA UFC1, a target of MicroRNA 34a, interacts with the mRNA stabilizing protein HuR to increase levels of ?-catenin in HCC cells. Gastroenterology 148:415-26.e18 (2015).

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.
The product is for in vitro recognish and is not internated for account name of animals.